

COLLOQUE INTERNATIONAL – FOOD RISK « INTERPOL CONTRIBUTION IN THE FIGHT AGAINST FOOD CRIME »

Nimes (France) - 30 January 2020

INTERPOL - A WORLDWIDE ORGANIZATION

194 MEMBER COUNTRIES



Lyon, France

Yaoundé, Camerool

GLOBAL POLICE ORGA

San Salvador, El Salvador Regional Bureau

PROVIDES EXPERTIES AMONG RANGE



CRIMINAL AREAS

Addis Ababa, Ethopia Representative of INTERPOL to the African Union

Singapore) INTERPOL Global Complex for Innovation

FACILITATES COOPERATION AND Research Terrer Terrer Terrer INFORMATION SHARING

EOUNDED IN 1923





INTERPOL - A WORLDWDE ORGANIZATION

Article 2

INTERPOL's aims are:

(1) To ensure and promote the widest possible mutual assistance between all criminal police authorities within the limits of the laws existing in the different countries and in the spirit of the "Universal Declaration of Human Rights";

(2) To establish and develop all institutions likely to contribute effectively to the prevention and suppression of ordinary law crimes.

Article 3

It is strictly forbidden for the Organization to undertake any intervention or activity of a political, military, religious or racial character.

CRIMINAL AREAS

CYBERCRIME

CONTENT OUT OF THE OWNER OWN

Sand Constant of the state of t

Policing the virtual world creates new operational, technical and legal challenges: cybercrimes committed from one location can instantly touch victims in other countries. It is a relatively new and fast-growing environment, and police may lack expertise and tools.

DARKWARKETS

Sa.

CLBERCRIME

POLICE / MANAGE

ORGANIZED AND EMERGING CRIME

COUNTER-TERRORISM

in recent years, the scale and sophistication of international terrorist attacks have increased. They often involve many countries, threatening public safety and economic and political stability, and all require a global, multi-jurisdictional response.

FOREIGN TERRORIST FIGHTERS

CBRNE

WAR CRIMES

ORGANIZED AND EMERGING CRIME

Globalization and new technologies have presented organized crime networks with immense opportunities to exploit their victims and fund their activities, which span multiple crime areas. Strong and coordinated law enforcement action is necessary to dismantle these complex networks.

Illicit Goods and Global Health Programme WHAT IS TRAFFICKING OF ILLICIT GOODS?

Generic term used by INTERPOL to describe all types of illicit trade.

It includes such practices as:

- Falsification (pharmaceuticals)
- Counterfeiting (trademark infringements)
- **Piracy** (copyright infringements)
- Smuggling (legitimate products and tax eva
- Traffic of Environmentally Sensitive Commodities:
 - ✓ (natural resources : timber, etc.)
 - ✓ (hazardous products : chemicals, waste, etc.)





Illicit Goods and Global Health Programme

WHY A DEDICATED APPROACH BY INTERPOL ?



Illicit Goods and Global Health Programme

Threat to HEALTH AND SAFETY

Damage to the ENVIRONMENT

DROP IN STATE TAX COLLECTION Fight against ORGANIZED CRIME GROUPS involved in the trafficking

WHICH IMPACT ?

ndustr

LOSS of markets and jobs HUMPER TO INNOVATION

REPUTATION & BRAND'S CONFIDENCE

Illicit Goods and Global Health Programme



Strong, legal agricultural trade is crucial to achieving several SDGs, especially in developing and emerging economies. This, in turn, results in better quality of life, drives trade, investment and industrialization, and thereby creates jobs, security and overall economic prosperity.

Conversely, illegal agri-food trade globally undermines farming and global food trade systems, destabilizes rural economies and jeopardizes production and delivery of fair, safe and sustainable food supplies."

TRansnational Alliance to Combat Illicit Trade (TRACIT): MAPPING THE IMPACT OF ILLICIT TRADE ON THE SDGs – Page 13

INTERPOL's STRATEGY to FIGHT ILLICIT TRADE

Raising awareness

Capacity Building

Operations

Raising Awareness



El dispositivo, bautizado como "Opson V", tar detenciones en todo el mundo por delitos re productos alimentarios falsificados, muchas de crimen organizado, según explicó Europol

Police in South

as a natural pro

products are es

False labelling

Australia, testin of neanuts had

sufferers.

La operación ha intervenido desde 9 tonelad con fertilizantes en Sudán a 85 toneladas d habían sido pintadas con sulfato de cobre pa habidoo alaabdiissa fal

record d'aliments dangereux



The Largest Food Sting Ever S Fake Booze

TWITTER

RIA MISRA 1 APRIL 2016 3:30 PM

FACEBOOK



Whisky, Wine, Vodka, Coffee, Olives, Sugar, Milk, Parmesa drinks to be wary of is long - and growing.

A four-month food sting operation, called Operation Opso countries, has finally wrapped up. The sum total of the car various fake food and a million litres of counterfeit drinks largest food sting ever conducted. Though the size of the I part is just how many different types of foods and drinks i counterfeiters have found to forge them.

We previously covered Italy's plive sting (which was part of tonnes of olives that were painted green in an effort to un investigators also found sugar cut with fertilisers, peanuts huge numbers of fake labels.

Interpol decomisa 10 mil toneladas de comida adulterada

Miércoles, 30 de marzo de 2016 - 2:52 pm

Desde aceitunas pintadas hasta carne de mono encubierta para consumo humano, la Interpol advierte sobre el peligro del tráfico de productos alimentarios falsificados

La operación coordinada por Interpol y Europol en 57 países ha concluido con la intervención de 10 mil toneladas y mil litros de comidas y bebidas falsificadas y peligrosas, informó hoy la agencia policial europea.

El dispositivo, bautizado como "Opson V", también ha conllevado varias detenciones en todo el mundo por delitos relacionados con el tráfico de productos alimentarios falsificados. muchas veces cometidos por redes decrimen organizado, según explicó Europol.

La operación ha intervenido desde 9 toneladas de azúcar contaminadas con fertilizantes en Sudán a 85 toneladas de aceitunas en Italia que habían sido pintadas con sulfato de cobre para mejorar su apariencia, pasando por bebidas alcohólicas falsas en Grecia o Reino Unido.

En Indonesia, por ejemplo, se detectaron 70 kilos de intestinos de pollo que habían sido conservados en formol, que está prohibido como aditivo alimentario.

Por su parte, en Hungría, Italia, Lituania y Rumania las autoridades aduaneras y policiales intervinieron chocolates falsificados y vino sin alcohol para niños que iban destinados a países de África occidental.

Muchos de estos fraudes se detectan de hecho en los controles aduaneros en los aeropuertos internacionales, como pasó en el de Zaventem (Bruselas), donde los funcionarios de aduanas incautaron varios kilos de carne de mono destinadas a su consumo.

La policía tailandesa, por otro lado, desmanteló una red criminal y destruvó más de 30

Drinks had as many problems as food, and interpol pulled in a tens of thousands of litres each of fake whiskies, wines and other kinds of booze. It's not just the familiar issues of mislabelling or watering down with plain tap water or some other cheaper liquor, either, DIV distilleries are also popping up to make

Raising Awareness

11th IP Crime Conference,
28 – 29 August 2017,
New York, USA

12th IP Crime Conference, 25 – 26 September 2018, Dubai, UAE

13th IP Crime Conference, 22 – 23 October 2018, Cape Town, South Africa



INTERPOL's STRATEGY to FIGHT ILLICIT TRADE

Raising awareness

Capacity Building

Operations



TO-INTERPOL Training seminar on combating illicit goods" Tashkent - Uzbekistan 16-18 July 2019

Around 50 Police, Custom's, Judiciary, International Institutions, Regulatory Authorities representatives from Central West Asia countries attended the meeting and shared experiences with private sector stakeholders operating in the area.





International IP Crime Investigators College Online training tool 20,000+ enrolled users from 160 countries

IIPCIC is a fully interactive **online** IP crime training facility, developed by **INTERPOL** in partnership with **Underwriters Laboratories (UL)**, which benefits **IP crime investigators** from law enforcement, regulatory authorities & private-sector



International IP Crime Investigators College

Resource optimization

Consistency for IP Crime Training Centralized Global Platform Accessible and Relevant Materials Law Enforcement Training Required International Cooperation & Action Bringing stakeholders together

INTERPOL's STRATEGY to FIGHT ILLICIT TRADE

Raising awareness

Capacity Building

Operations

Operations

What is an INTERPOL operation?

Assessment

Training / Pre-Op. Meeting

Debrief / Case Meetings

Operational Phase

Operations

Operations coordinated by INTERPOL target a wide range of goods, including food, drink, fuel, vehicle parts, waste, toys, cosmetics, electrical products...



Activities are carried out in all regions of the world in order to enhence:

Investigative support
Training and capacity building
Strategic collaboration

Regional:

- Heera
- Jupiter
- Rainfall

Global:

- Pangea
- Opson

Regional operations



Regional operations



Worldwide operations



supported by the United Arab Emirates and the INTERPOL Foundation for a Safer World

"Launched in 2011, Operation Opson keeps on expanding every year with the participation of more than 75 countries in the last operational phase, confirming the scope of the threat. Counterfeit and substandard food and beverages are increasingly on sale in shopping centers as well as on internet websites exacerbating the menace that food crime poses to the public. INTERPOL calls for further efforts and better coordination at domestic and international level in order to stem this tide which attempts the health of consumers all around the globe."



Worldwide operation

ELPCPO

Fredered in the Learning Bring in a main in the Britshout, b

In April 2010, INTERPOL Rome, in cooperation with the Italian Corpo Forestale dello Stato, hosted the First International Meeting on Counterfeit and Protected Food Products in Sabaudia (Italy), which was designed to explore the willingness of countries to implement enforcement activities against the falsification of agricultural and food products in partnership with the Italian authorities.

As well as law enforcement agencies from the host country, and spain attended the meeting. The intention is to focus on single or groups of counterfeit foods in Europe and convert the existing partnership between food regulatory bodies, police and customs into concrete action. Operation OPSON is expected to be the first international deployment with the aim of developing a collective and wider partnership to combat illicit trade and production and sales of counterfeit food products.





OPERATION OPSON VII



JORDAN tonnes of 90 flour infested with weevils due to poor storage were seized



BULGARIA Seizure of pork meat contaminated with a parasitic disease caused by roundworms which had infected 12 people.



VIETNAM 10,000 kg of noodles containing borax and 6.7 tonnes of bamboo shoots and roots soaked in unidentified chemicals.



RWANDA, SUDAN. TANZANIA Thousands of counterfeit or expired medicines, which pose a significant risk to public health, were seized.



BURUNDI 24 criminal groups connected to the production or distribution of fake alcohol dismantled. Kalashnikov rifle. ammunition and a hand grenade



SUDAN 5.5 tonnes of fake food and drink including yoghurt, tomato sauce and cooking oil recovered.



RUSSIA 48 underground factories shut down, 1.6 million litres of illegally produced alcohol seized and criminal proceedings launched against 282 people.



SOUTH AFRICA Dismantlement of an illicit factory manufacturing counterfeit spices and the arrest of 10 people.

also seized.



Worldwide operations

78 countries

67,681 Checks

50,000 Tons seized (alcohol, cereals, condiments) 117 million worth seizures 3,313 Arrests

335 livestock seized

(86 meat contamination abusive therapeutic treatments)

Operation OPSON VIII



OPSON IX PRE-OPERATIONAL MEETING "OPSON IX – A WAY FORWARD" STRATEGIC LEVEL

Nimes (France) - 30 January 2020

"In 2016 agrimafia has registered a 30% increase in business volume, up to 21,8 billions & *«We have to fight agrimafia on agricutural land, in the secret rooms where prices are agreed, in bureaucracy opacity, in the delivery phase but first of all with transparency and with the appropriate information to the citizens, enabling them to know the history of the product in their plate". "We have to monitor underselling and low cost stuff over which creep modified receipts, substandard ingredients, alternative methods/lines of production or, worse, illegality and exploitation".*

(Coldiretti Observatory on agricultural crime 2017, press release).

"Other foodstuff and beverage infringements: In 2016, **EUR 1.3 billion of revenue** and taxes were directly lost annually to the MS through such IPR infringements, along with EUR **3 billion of lost sales** to the EU economy, and job losses of about 23.400. This type of IPR infringements continues to pose a threat. The methods are increasingly diverse, and range from the abuse of geographical indications to more traditional counterfeiting, such as refilling high-end bottles from recognized producers or the use of fake labels and packaging". (EUROPOL and EUIPO 2017 Situation Report on Counterfeiting and Piracy in EU).



Are the figures presented describing a VICTORIOUS BATTLE or a BITTER DEFEAT? The phenomenon has got an economic dimension which goes far beyond the value of the counterfeit goods seized



Rhino horns

Illegal waste



Do you think...? I can't read the label.



WXMG Magic 106.3 with Cindy Williams and 7 others Food available in China...yes, tha Fake a food issy B

Counterfeit pharmaceuticals

DON'T WE NEED MORE EFFECTIVE COUNTERMEASURES?





THE

to

THE SINGLE CRIMINAL CASE

OC is implicated in counterfeiting due to its high profitability and limited risk OC involvement in the sector has determined its evolution:

- Global fake business
- Logistic support
- Relevance of traditional criminal syndacates
- OCGs also benefit of traditional routes of illicit goods as well as of criminal relations enabling the optimization of results and the identification of the most suitable places for production and sales.
- Proceeds of crime are systematically re-invested in illegal activities. Counterfeiting represents a possible source of financing other serious criminal organized activities, not excluding terrorism (Op Tuareg in Italy).

Very experienced and highly specialized criminals

Fragmentation and complexity of the illicit goods supply chain

Difficult identification of all the individuals involved in the criminal activity

Inadequate national legal frameworks

Insufficient focus on related financial investigations

Lack of support from citizens/authorities

A fake alcohol traffic Managed by a **OCG** whose high level members are based in country A With a production plant located in a FTZ in country B Shipping alcoholic beverages in containers to country C Further transit to country "X" **Illicit Earning** in **country** "?"





UNITED NATIONS Office on Drugs and Crime

UNITED NATIONS CONVENTION

AGAINST CORRUPTION

UNITED NATIONS CONVENTION AGAINST TRANSNATIONAL ORGANIZED CRIME AND THE PROTOCOLS THERETO



STATES THAT RATIFY THESE INSTRUMENT COMMIT THEMSELVES TO TAKING A SERIES OF MEASURES DUAL CRIMINALITY SHALL BE DEEMED FULFILLED IRRESPECTIVE OF CATEGORY OR DENOMINATION OF THE OFFENCE

The 2000 UNTOC (art. 12) as well as 2003 UNCAC (art. 31) REQUIRED

that <u>signatories Parties should adopt</u>, to the greatest extent possible within their domestic legal systems, necessary measures to enable confiscation of the proceeds of crime derived from offenses covered by the Convention (generally crimes punishable with up to four years imprisonment) or property of equivalent value; and property, equipment, or other materials used in/destined for use in offenses covered by the Convention.

Proceeds of crime laws / Asset recovery

"The benefit of confiscating the assets from the criminals is that it undermines the "commercial" motive of the crime, reducing profits and preventing them from being reinvested.

In this way, confiscation prevents the criminal organization from further fueling its illegal activities and from laundering the proceeds of such criminal activities into legitimate businesses".

(UNICRI-ICC Confiscation of the Proceeds of IP Crime pag. 18)

Protect public health

against

Fight

Enhance international cooperation

Inter-agency cooperation

Cooperation between public sector and industry

Intelligence-led and investigative-oriented approach

ONE HEALTH APPROACH

The "One Health" concept (introduced early 2000s): human health and animal health are interdependent and bound to the health of the ecosystems in which they exist.



CODEX ALIMENTARIUS

"420.000 people die every year from food safety lapses, one-third of which are children under five" (Werner Obermeyer, Deputy Executive Director of WHO)

The mandate of the Codex is to:

 Develop harmonized international food standards, which protect consumer health (FAO-WHO)

- Promote fair practices in food trade to facilitate international trade (WTO).

-The CODEX ALIMENTARIUS INITIATIVE -

- The Codex Alimentarius standards (FAO, WHO and WTO) could provide INTERPOL members with SOUND, UPDATED, OBJECTIVE, TECHNICAL and SCIENTIFIC tools and gives INTERPOL's various initiatives a COHERENT AND VALUABLE FRAMEWORK which must be taken into consideration and guarantees A COHERENT APPROACH AT INTERNATIONAL LEVEL, essential for transnational criminal investigations.
- The standards updating procedure guarantees also a SCIENTIFIC and DEMOCRATIC basis.
- INTERPOL could help in identifying and adopting an efficient and effective enforcement of those criteria in the perspective of the One Health approach and through this, sustain and take an active role in the achievement of the UN Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)
- Both can benefit of already existing tools (INFOSAN, ENPRES, CFSAM, I24/7... for an early identification of hotspots)



But even more alarming phenomena like:
The diffusion of pathogens, formerly unknown in different regions
(New Castle Disease – Xilella Fastidiosa)
The sale of contaminated products

These events arise suspicion for the possibility of:

- biological aggressions against national productions
- chemical aggressions

THE CHALLANGES C. Technological Advancement

RAND INTELLIGENCE ANALYSIS

ALL POTENTIAL SOLUTIONS HAVE TO BE INTEGRATED AT SOME POINT WITH LAW ENFORCEMENT SYSTEMS INTERPOL

Keeps track of the developments Assesses possible interoperability with law enforcement platforms Analyzes information Extracts modus operandi, trends, which are communicated to the NCBs THE CHALLANGES D. Build trust

Formal and Informal Assistance

Availabilility of information/evidence/judicial/provisional measures varies and depends on the framework of international agreements and domestic laws adopted by each jurisdiction.

PERSONAL CONNECTIONS ARE KEY AT ANY STAGE OF INTERNATIONAL INVESTIGATION

THE CHALLANGES D. Build trust

What's in it for each of us?

- Wider networks
- Better knowledge/analysis of the phenomenon
- Mutual assistance through formal and informal channels
- Concrete results
- Increased flows of information about transnational crime
- Follow up activities

نشكركم جزيل الشكر على انتباهكم Thank You – Merci – Gracias 谢谢

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